

Madrid Declaration

on enhanced training requirements for hematologists in the Professional Qualifications Directive

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Directive 2005/36/EC (amended by directive 2013/55/EU) on the recognition of professional qualifications: the 'Professional Qualifications Directive' (PQD)

Designed to:

- Regulate the recognition of professional qualifications
- Improve cross-border professional mobility



Scope of the PQD:

- Applies to regulated professions in Member States
- Sets rules for professional mobility, recognition of qualifications, language requirements and academic titles
- Provides for automatic recognition of medical specialist qualifications (Annex V)



The PQD's Annex V

Automatic recognition of medical specialist training is possible (only) if:

- the specialty is listed in the Annex V, point 5.1.3
 - the European Commission can add specialties common to at least two-fifths of Member States
- the destination Member State <u>has opted in</u>
 - > by listing its own **specialty training title** in the Annex
 - length of specialty training must meet minimum specified in the Annex





Hematology in the Annex V

Two categories:

- ☐ 'General Haematology'
 - minimum training period 3 years
 - 25 countries have opted in
 - no opt-in: BE/NL (hematology not a regulated profession), FR
- ☐ 'Biological Haematology'
 - minimum training period 4 years
 - only 4 opt-ins (BG/FR/LU/PT), hence inactive & obsolete
 - removal of this category only possible after MSs opt out!



Issues arising from the PQD/Annex V

- 3-year training minimum: not enough!
 (for quality/harmonization/mobility)
- not in line with European Hematology Curriculum (5 years)
- not all MSs have opted in
- distinction general/biological hematology is not functional



The Madrid Declaration:

- is co-signed by EHA & national societies
- calls for enhanced & harmonized training requirements
- addresses concrete recommendations to the EC, MSs, national health/education bodies
- presents hematology as a distinct discipline "which includes laboratory hematology, transfusion medicine and clinical hematology"
- does not directly address the 'opt-in' and 'biological hematology' issues (to be discussed with relevant MSs)



Recommendations

- > Raise minimum length of training to 5 years
 - 3 or 4 when preceded by 1 or 2 years of internal medicine
 - responsible: European Commission
- Adopt 5-year minimum at the <u>national level</u>
 - responsible: Member States
- Make the <u>European Hematology Curriculum</u> the basis of national training programs
 - national authorities/bodies responsible for hematology training



Bottom line

Increasing the minimum length of & harmonizing hematology training across Europe are essential for high-quality patient care and optimal professional mobility



Next: ACTION

- Spread the Declaration (EHA, NSs)
- Lobby the EC & joint EC-MS 'Professional Qualifications committee' (EHA)
- Work on your national health/education authorities (NSs)





For information/advice:

☐ Each EU Member State has a 'National Assistance Centre', e.g.:

ESPAÑA / SPAIN

Subdirección General de Títulos y Reconocimiento de

Cualificaciones

Secretaría General de Universidades

Ministerio de Educación, Cultura y Deporte

http://www.mecd.gob.es/portada-mecd/

■ EHA Executive Office

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The Spanish situation 2017 (I)

- Hematology and Hemotherapy is an integrated specialty: clinical hematology + transfusion medicine + laboratory hematology
- 4-year training:
 - 1 year internal medicine (short rotations in key specialties)
 - 3 years specific hematology training
- Due to the wide scope of the specialty, and the recent clinical and technological innovations: 3-year training of specific hematology is insufficient



The Spanish situation 2017 (II)

- ✓ A new regulation of medical specialties has been opened by the national authorities
- ✓ In a collaborative effort, the National Commission of the specialty and SEHH have developed a new training program based on the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences of the EHA Hematology Curriculum
- ✓ We ask for a minimum total duration of 5 years of training with at least 3 years of specific hematology training
- ✓ Economic cost is one of the major issues for increasing the duration of the new program



Why the Madrid declaration is important for the Spanish Society of Hematology

- The Madrid declaration will be extremely helpful in supporting the new training program
- The arguments of harmonizing European education to get a high quality training based on the EHA Curriculum to facilitate mobility across the EU, is very attractive for the national authorities
- This document may be critical for convincing the Spanish legislators and to reach consensus at the European level in the future





Why the Madrid declaration is important for all Hematology Societies

- Increasing the minimum length of & harmonizing hematology training across Europe is essential for highquality patient care and optimal professional mobility
- The national authorities must follow the European directives => lobbying at the European level is a key factor
- We have the opportunity to make an historical change in European hematology education
- Beneficial for the patients and the hematologists